APPLICATION

FOR

UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

TITLE:

METHOD OF USING SECRETIN AND COMPOSITIONS

MADE THEREFROM FOR THE TREATMENT OF AUTISM

AND OTHER NEUROLOGICAL, BEHAVIORAL AND

IMMUNOLOGICAL DISORDERS

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Docket No.: BECK-001XX

Treatment Of Autistic Syndromes.

METHOD OF USING SECRETIN AND COMPOSITIONS MADE THEREFROM FOR THE TREATMENT OF AUTISM AND OTHER NEUROLOGICAL, BEHAVIORAL AND IMMUNOLOGICAL DISORDERS

RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/088,575 filed June 9, 1998, fully incorporated herein by reference, and is a continuation-in-part of United States patent Application No. 09/080,631 filed May 18, 1998 and entitled Method For Assisting in Differential Diagnosis And

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to methods and compositions for the treatment of neurological, behavioral and/or immunological disorders and more particularly, to a new medical use for the natural or synthetic hormone secretin in the treatment of autism and other neurological, behavioral and/or immunological disorders.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

17 Autism is a disabling neurological disorder that affects 18 thousands of Americans and encompasses a number of subtypes, with 19 various and few documented ameliorative putative causes 20 treatments. The disorders of the autistic spectrum may be present at birth, or may have later onset, for example, at ages two or 21 There are no clear cut biological markers for autism. 22 Diagnosis of the disorder is made by considering the degree to 23

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1 which the child matches the behavioral syndrome, which is

2 characterized by poor communicative abilities, peculiarities in

3 social and cognitive capacities, and maladaptive behavioral

4 patterns.

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[] []7 A number of different treatments for autism have been developed. Many of the treatments, however, address the symptoms of the disease, rather than the causes. For example, therapies ranging from psychoanalysis to psychopharmacology have been employed in the treatment of autism. Although some clinical symptoms may be lessened by these treatments, modest improvement, at best, has been demonstrated in a minor fraction of the cases.

Only a small percentage of autistic persons become able to

function as self-sufficient adults.

Although much controversy exists about the causes and treatments of autism, a few established biomedical findings have Many individuals with autism experience intestinal been made. difficulties, often including the inability to digest gluten and Abnormalities have also been found in the metabolism of the neurotransmitter serotonin and in various parameters of immune system functions, for example, elevated Measles, Mumps and Rubella. Prior to the discovery of the present invention, (MMR) titers. however, no useful links had been made between these biomedical successful treatments been findings, nor had any therefrom, as disclosed in various articles incorporated herein by reference.1

Priven, J. (1997). The biological basis of autism. <u>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</u>, 7, 708-712.

Rapin, L. & Katzman, R. (1998). Neurobiology of autism. <u>Ann Neurology, 43, 7-14.</u>

Similar to autistic spectrum disorder, many other behavioral, 1 neurological and immunological disorders have 2 been difficult to understand and to effectively treat. 3 Such disorders include depression, obsessive-compulsive disorder, Alzheimer's, 4 5 allergies, anorexia, schizophrenia, as well as other neurological 6 conditions resulting from improper modulation of neurotransmitter levels or improper modulation of immune system functions, as well 7 as behavioral disorders such as ADD (Attention Deficit Disorder) 8 9 and ADHD (Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder), for example. 10 Accordingly, a need exists for a method and composition for the 11 treatment of autism and other behavioral, neurological and/or 12 immunological disorders.

The hormone secretin is a polypeptide hormone secreted by the mucosa of the duodenum and upper jejunum when acid chyme enters the intestine. The hormone secretin stimulates the pancreatic acinar cells to release bicarbonate and water, which are excreted into the duodenum and change the pH in the gut from acid to alkaline, thereby facilitating the action of digestive enzymes. Secretin is always used and indeed is intended only to be used in diagnostic tests given to patients with gastrointestinal disorders. to stimulate the release of pancreatic juices for testing purposes.

Prior to the discovery of the present invention however secretin has never before been linked to autistic spectrum disorders, either as a possible cause or treatment, nor has it been used in the treatment of other neurological and/or

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Wing, L. (1997). The autistic spectrum. The Lancet, 350 (dec. 13), 1761-1765.

1 immunological disorders, as herein proposed.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention features a method for the treatment of 4 5 neurological, immunological and other disorders in a patient. The method comprises the step of stimulating the secretion of _ 6 7 pancreatic juices in the patient. In one embodiment, stimulating 8 the secretion of pancreatic juices comprises the step of administering to the patient an effective amount of natural or 9 10 synthetic secretin. The preferred method of the present 11 invention is for the treatment of autistic spectrum disorder.

According to one method of administering secretin, the secretin is administered by infusion and the effective amount is generally 2 clinical units (CU) per kilogram (kg) of body weight given intravenously within 1 minute. In another method, the secretin is administered transdermally by applying a transdermal carrier substance, such as dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) to the skin, applying crystalline secretin in an effective amount onto the carrier substance, and rubbing the composition into the skin.

20 One example of an effective amount of secretin administered.
21 transdermally includes about 15 CU of crystalline secretin.

Other methods of administering secretin include, but are not limited to, administering secretin transdermally with a gel, lotion or patch; administering secretin with a suppository; administrating secretin orally, as tablet, capsule or lozenge; administrating secretin by inhalation (e.g., as an aerosol) either through the mouth or the nose; and administering secretin using acoustic waves to permeate the skin. The present invention

1 also contemplates other physiologically acceptable carriers or

2 excipients for carrying an effective amount of secretin into the

3 patient's body.

In another embodiment, the method for stimulating the 4 secretion of pancreatic juices comprises the step of causing the 5 body to secrete secretin in an effective amount to at least 6 ameliorate and preferably treat autism and other neurological 7 This method includes, and/or immunological disorders. 8 example, stimulating or otherwise causing the duodenum and upper 9 jejunum to secrete the hormone secretin for one or more of the 10 purposes described herein. 11

The present invention also features compositions for use In one embodiment, methods. above according to the pharmaceutical composition, according to the present invention includes an effective amount of secretin together with a suitable volume of sodium chloride for dissolving the secretin and carrying the secretin into the body by infusion. In another embodiment, a composition according to the present invention includes an effective amount of secretin and a transdermal carrier substance, such as DMSO for carrying the secretin into the body transdermally. Other compositions include an effective amount of secretin together with physiologically acceptable carriers or excipients for carrying the secretin into the The present invention contemplates the use of patient's body. both natural and synthetically produced secretin.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The present invention will be better understood from the

- following examples which are given by way of illustration and not 1
- by way of limitation. The patient, the same in both examples, is 2
- a boy with symptoms of autism. Although only two examples of 3
- treatment are presented on the same patient, the present invention 4
- has been tried on a number of children in accordance with the 5
- 6 method of the first example with similar satisfactory results.
- The patient in the present examples developed normally until 7
- 8 fourteen months of age, with the exception
- 9 qastrointestinal problems (i.e., chronic diarrhea and
- 10 constipation) which began at about six months. At about thirteen
- 11 months, when whole milk was introduced into his diet, the patient
- 112 began having reoccurring ear infections. At about fourteen
- ## ###13 months, the patient appeared to lose the ability to process
- 14 language, first receptively (at about 14 months) then expressively
 - The patient also experienced episodes of (at about 16 months).
- **16** "shivers" that appeared to be intermittent seizures.
- [발 [] After consulting with numerous neurologists, pediatricians,
- #18 child development specialists, audiologists, endocrinologists,
- 19 allergists, and other medical professionals, no consistent
 - diagnosis had been reached. 20 Although not clinically diagnosed
 - 21 with autism, the patient exhibits a number of behavioral symptoms
- of autism and pervasive developmental disorder (PDD) in general. 22
- 23 The term autism is used herein for reference purposes only, and
- 24 this invention is intended to apply to any number of pervasive
- 25 developmental disorders as well as neurological and immunological
- 26 disorders.
- 27 Prior to receiving the treatment with secretin, a single
- 28 photon emission computed tomography (SPECT) scan of the brain

revealed a decreased perfusion in the right hemisphere and left 1 temporal lobe, with the most severe decrease in the right parietal 2 occipital region. Also, steady state auditory evoked responses 3 recorded in response to rapid amplitude and frequency modulations 4 of a 1 kHz tone were abnormal, suggesting disturbances of neural 5 mechanisms responsible for frequency and amplitude modulation 6 Further, the patient's secretin cells prior to analysis. 7 receiving treatment, measured at a level of 9, are far below the 8 normal limit in the range of 20-70. 9

10 <u>EXAMPLE 1</u>

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When the patient was three years old, the secretin was of an infusion as part administered by way of an The secretin was used in gastrointestinal endoscopy. diagnostic procedure at the request of the patient's parents, one of which is an inventor of the present invention. The secretin used in this procedure is known as Secretin-Ferring available from Ferring Laboratories, Inc., Suffern, New York (See Appendix A). The secretin was dissolved in a 7.5 solution of sodium chloride and administered in a dosage of 2 clinical units (CU) per kilogram (kg) body weight by intravenous injection over one minute. (I.E. 30 IU IV for approximately 15 kilograms of body weight.)

Immediately after the administration of the secretin, the diagnostic testing revealed that the patient's pancreas responded, quite surprisingly, with an unusually large amount of pancreatic juice being released (approximately 10 ml/min compared to a usual rate of 1-2 ml/min). The diagnostic tests performed on the patient during this procedure also indicated gastric inflammation. Within days after the administration of secretin, the patient's

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- 1 chronic abnormal bowel movements became normal, although no
- 2 changes had been made in the patient's diet. Within weeks after
- 3 the treatment, the patient was able to make normal eye contact,
- 4 language appeared for the first time in two years, and other
- 5 behavioral and developmental problems improved remarkably. The
- 6 following Table I summarizes the improvements observed in the
- 7 patient within 3 weeks after the infusion of secretin.

Table I

Symptoms Before Secretin Infusion	Progress within 3 Weeks
Symptoms Deloie Secretari III-	After the Secretin Infusion
	100's of words - will repeat some
Two words	approximation of any work requested.
	approximation of any work requested.
No sentences	Short sentences - such as; "I love you", "I
No selectices	want juice", "Good night mommy", "Thank you,
	daddy".
	daddy .
No flash cards	40 - 50 flash cards.
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No focus on requested tasks	Will sit and watch carefully. Will perform
NO locus on requested casks	most tasks after watching once or twice. For
	instance, will sort by color or category.
	instance, will sort by color of category.
	Will construct more complicated puzzles.
	Will respond appropriately to questions.
Diapers only	Completely potty trained.
brapers only	00
	Now, gets "involved" interactively with his
Watch Videos	videos. He will imitate the hand motions,
	videos. He will imitate the hand motions,
	sing the songs or dance to the music.
Consistent sleeping problems.	Has slept through almost every night
Although these were much worse	entirely.
Although these were much worse	· · ·
when he was 18-24 months, prior to	
the procedure he was still up	
numerous times each night.	
<u>-</u>	
Infrequent (1-2 times/week)	No spinning episodes.
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"spinning" episodes.	
	Normal howel movements
Abnormal bowel movements	Normal bowel movements.
Abnormal bowel movements	
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption	Excessive water consumption - no change
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption	
Abnormal bowel movements	Excessive water consumption - no change
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day.	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day.
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French	Excessive water consumption - no change
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries,	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day.
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies,	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day.
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries,	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day.
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies,	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day.
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies, raisins, chocolate, chicken	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day. No Change
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies, raisins, chocolate, chicken nuggets.)	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day. No Change Many connections made between new language
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies, raisins, chocolate, chicken nuggets.) No apparent connections made	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day. No Change Many connections made between new language
Abnormal bowel movements Excessive water consumption approximately 50 cups per day. Limited Diet Preferences (French Toast, bananas, French Fries, pancakes, crackers, cookies, raisins, chocolate, chicken nuggets.)	Excessive water consumption - no change approximately 50 cups per day. No Change Many connections made between new language

	on computer game or video.
No response to request for gestures.	Responds to all kinds of things such as, "blow a kiss", "Wave bye bye", "Say bye bye", etc. Will often now spontaneously say these things himself.
No interest in drawing	Wants to draw constantly. Will draw complete face and name the parts as he draws.
Did not imitate commands.	Will imitate almost any multi-step command.
Minimal eye contact	Eye contact 75% of the time.

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Biomedical changes were also measured in the patient. A SPECT scan of the patient indicated that the perfusion of the right posterior parietal and right temporal lobes was improved. Blood tests taken after the treatment also indicated a rise in

5 Blood tests taken after the treatment also indicated a rise in 6 serotonin levels, and the patient's rubella titers dropped from 7 5.8 to 2.3.

Although the behavioral improvements continued, the rate of the patient's progress appeared to decrease at about 5 weeks. At the request of the patient's parents, a second infusion of secretin was performed about 9 months after the first infusion, and a third infusion of secretin was performed about three months after the second infusion. The second and third infusions of secretin achieved the same results in the patient.

15 <u>EXAMPLE 2</u>

At the time of this treatment, the patient was about 4 years old. Secretin was administered transdermally using pharmaceutical grade dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) (generally 99.9% pure) available from Clinic Service Co., Box 2512, Hemet CA 92543. The secretin (Secretin-Ferring) was administered daily in a dosage of about 75 CU over a five day period (i.e., about 15 CU daily). For each treatment, about 4 drops of DMSO were placed onto the skin of the

- 1 patient, about 15 CU of the crystalline secretin was placed onto
- 2 the DMSO, and the composition was rubbed into the skin.
- The administration of secretin transdermally on a daily basis 3
- in this way has resulted in even more dramatic and significant 4
- improvements in the patient. Within a period of about 6 months, 5
- the patient has progressed to spontaneous and conversational 6
- When the daily dose of secretin is stopped, the 7
- autistic behavioral symptoms return. 8
- It is important to note that similar results have been seen 9
- children using 10 numerous other autistic an intravenous
- 11 administration of secretin in accordance with the teachings of the
- present invention, in order to validate the findings of the
- present invention.
- Although the present invention is not limited by theory, it
 - is believed that some autistic spectrum disorders are caused by a
- **16** secretin deficiency resulting in a dysfunction of the pancreas.
- One function of the hormone secretin is to stimulate the pancreas
- 18 to release bicarbonate and water, which change the pH in the gut
- -19 thereby facilitating the action from acid to alkaline,
- 20 digestive enzymes. The gastrointestinal disorders, such as an
- 21 inability to digest gluten and casein, in autistic patients is
- 22 possibly caused by this failure of the pancreas to release
- 23 enzymes.
- 24 One possibility is that abnormal opioid peptides in the gut
- 25 create problems in the brain. These abnormal opioid peptides have
- 26 been found to diminish on a casein free and gluten free diet.
- 27 According to one study, autistic children that responded to this
- 28 diet were given an infusion of secretin and the peptides were

- 1 measured before and after the secretin infusion. After the ,
- 2 secretin infusion, which stimulates the pancreas to release
- 3 bicarbonate, the peptides disappeared.
- 4 The gastric inflammation observed in the patient in the above
- 5 EXAMPLE 1 suggests that the improper pH resulting from this
- 6 dysfunction of the pancreas may be a cause of the digestive
- 7 problems and malabsorption of essential minerals and nutrients
- 8 found in many individuals with autism. The unusual secretion by
- 9 the pancreas in response to the secretin, as observed in EXAMPLE
- 10 1, further suggests that this dysfunction of the pancreas is
- 11 caused by a secretin deficiency.
 - In addition to this effect on the digestive function, secretin also appears to improve the abnormal brain activity in The increased blood flow individuals having symptoms of autism. in the brain detected during a SPECT scan after administering secretin in EXAMPLE 1 supports this theory. While causing pancreatic secretions, secretin also stimulates the production of cholecystokinin (CCK). Deficiencies in CCK have been linked to other neurological disorders, such as schizophrenia, and CCK production has been found to be related to levels of neurotransmitter serotonin. Thus, secretin may be indirectly related to the body's natural production of serotonin. increase in serotonin levels in the blood after the procedure in supports this relationship between secretin EXAMPLE 1 serotonin.
- Without proper modulation of neurotransmitter levels (i.e.,
- 27 serotonin) in the brain, the brain will not function properly.
- 28 The inability to modulate neurotransmitter levels has been found

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- to be related to other neurological conditions as well as autism. 1
- Thus, a secretin deficiency may cause an imbalance or improper 2
- modulation of neurotransmitter levels that results in autistic 3
- spectrum disorder or other neurological disorders. Administering 4
- secretin to patients with these disorders will modulate the 5
- neurotransmitter levels and correct the behavioral symptoms, such 6
- as the inability to process language and other maladaptive 7
- behavioral patterns. The secretin may also correct abnormalities 8
- in immune system functions, as indicated by the reduction of 9
- measles, mumps and rubella antibodies in the patient after the 10
- secretin administration in EXAMPLE 1. Secretin has also been 11
- 112 1112 found to stimulate dopamine production through its precursor,
- 113 114 tyrosine hydroxylase. Dopamine levels have been implicated in a
 - variety of mental and behavioral disorders such as Parkinson's and
- 415 Alzheimer's disease.

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- secretin deficiency can therefore for account the gastrointestinal disorders as well as the behavioral symptoms found in many individuals with autistic spectrum disorder.
- The therapeutic possibilities of the use of secretin appear 19
- to have been overlooked in the medical literature. For example, 20
- Guyton and Hall, in their widely used Textbook of Medical 21
- Physiology (9th edition, 1995-1997) mention briefly in passing . 22
- that secretin can increase cellular utilization of insulin. 23
- Recent research suggests that insulin is required for normal brain 24
- functioning. (See also Science vol. 280 April 24, 1998, p. 517-25
- Furthermore, immunological disorders related to abnormally 26 518).
- high levels of measles, mumps, and rubella (MMR) titers may also 27

- 1 be treatable with secretin. Additionally, secretin is believed to
- 2 stimulate antibodies to cows milk protein (and perhaps other
- 3 proteins). Autism and other PDD's may be connected to protein
- 4 intolerance and secretin may increase the body's tolerance to such
- 5 protein(s). Secretin may also have histamine blocking
- 6 capabilities.
- 7 Although the above examples use Secretin-Ferring, the present
- 8 invention contemplates other forms of natural or synthetic
- 9 secretin. The present invention also contemplates using other
- 10 types of transdermal carrier substances in addition to DMSO.
- 11 Further, the present invention contemplates other alternative ways
- of administering secretin including, but not limited to,
- administering secretin transdermally with a gel, lotion or patch;
- 4 administering secretin with a suppository; administrating
- secretin orally, as tablet, capsule or lozenge; administrating
- 16 secretin by inhalation (e.g., as an aerosol) either through the
- 17 mouth or the nose. Such alternative methods of administering
- 18 secretin are less invasive, do not have to be carried out by a
- 19 doctor at a medical facility, and are less expensive. In
- 20 addition, the level or dose of administration of secretin can be
- 21 varied from those examples stated herein including, for example,
- 22 intraveneous administration over a period of time of several
- 23 hours instead of several minutes and/or a smaller, maintenance or
- 24 daily dose administered intramuscularly, transdermally or by
- other methods as disclosed herein or their equivalent.
- 26 A further alternative method of transdermally administering
- 27 secretin includes the use of acoustic waves to permeate the skin.
- 28 For example, acoustic waves generated using ultrasound or a

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- 1 shockwave from a pulsed laser have been found to make the skin
- 2 temporarily permeable. A few minutes of low-frequency ultrasound
- 3 (sound greater in frequency than 20 kilohertz) creates tiny
- 4 cavities through which the secretin (alone or combined with
- 5 another transdermal carrier substance) can be diffused.
- treating autism method of by Accordingly, the 6 administering secretin and/or causing the body to naturally 7 required amounts of secretin corrects the secretin 8 deficiency, improving the digestive functions in autistic patients 9 previously experiencing intestinal difficulties and improving 10 communication, cognition, and socialization capabilities 11 autistic patients. Since other neurological disorders, such as 12 depression, obsessive-compulsive disorder, Alzheimer's, allergies, **11**3 anorexia, bulimia, schizophrenia, also involve abnormal modulation 14 of neurotransmitter levels, these disorders may also be treatable 15 with secretin. Further, other disorders related to serotonin and **16** dopamine may also be treatable with secretin. 117
 - Modifications and substitutions by one of ordinary skill in the art are considered to be within the scope of the present invention which is not to be limited except by the claims which follow.
- .22 What is claimed is:

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